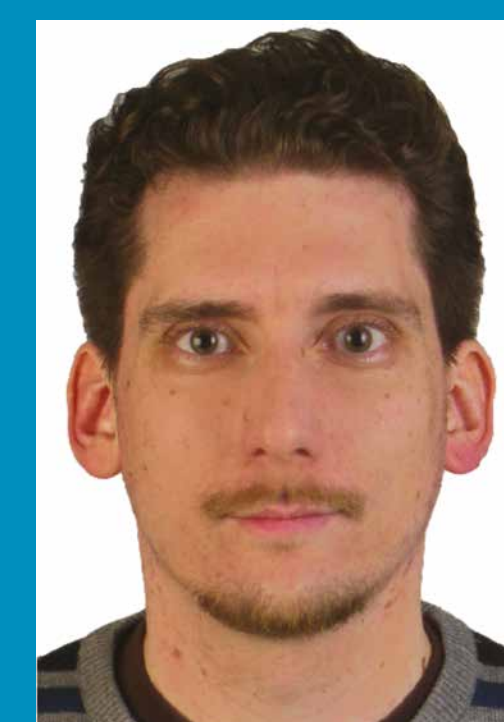


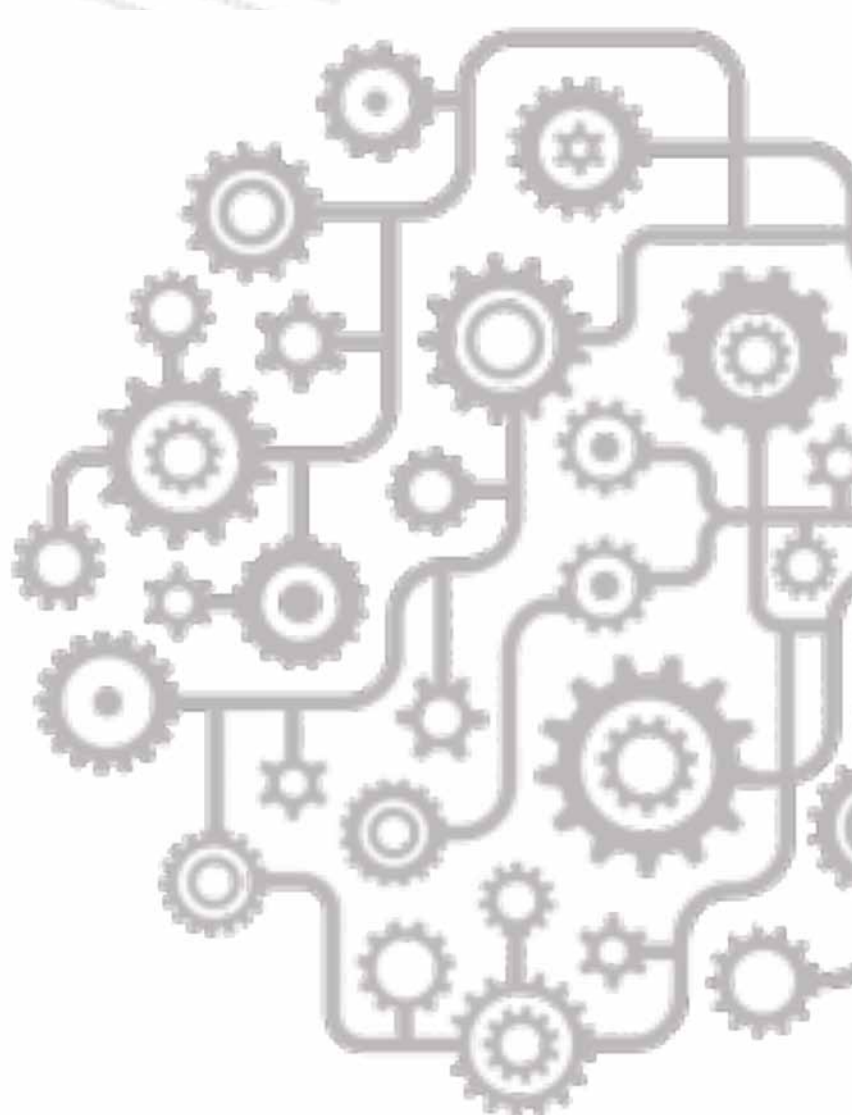
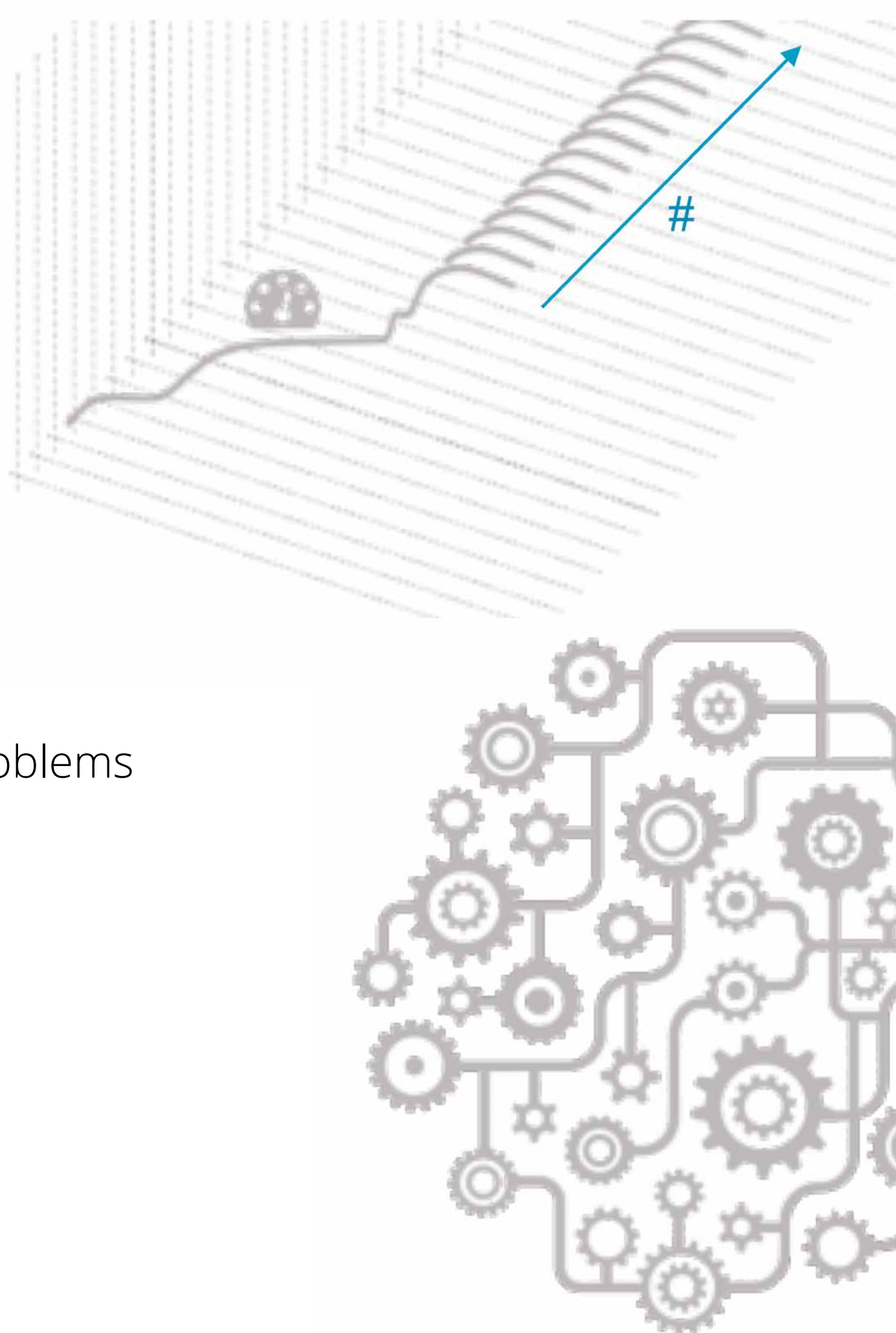
Performance Analysis Tool for Multicore



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1 Motivations

- » **The future is multicore**
 - › limits on single core performance
 - › parallel software becoming the norm
- » users are still expect increasing performance
- » ordinary programmers are not prepared
 - › diagnose & distinguish performance problems
 - › challenging orchestration models
- » current tools are designed for experts
 - › focused on hardware: cores, threads, ...
 - › too generic, too abstract, extensive training needed



Is there a simple way to understand (what's going wrong) software performance on a multicore system?

HCI – HPC – Parallel Performance – Manycore
Taxonomy – Visualisation – Analysis Tool

2 Approach

1: Taxonomy of parallel performance problems

- » validated by interviews and surveys
- » categories:

1. Resource sharing	4. Data sharing	7. I/O
2. Task granularity	5. Load balancing	
3. Synchronisation	6. Data locality	
- » drilldown to problem:
 - › Oversubscription (*task granularity*)
 - › Alternating sequential/parallel execution (*load balancing*)
 - › ... 24 more

2: Tool for analysing

- » **problem-centric** (not focusing on hardware nor data)
- » Dashboard
 - › overview, quick identification of bottlenecks
 - › identify a category and drilldown to specific problem
- » Detailed views
 - › explore more in-depth, profiling operation
 - › split concepts, use simple visualisations and data summary
 - › help to diagnose problems and educate
- » Expert data view

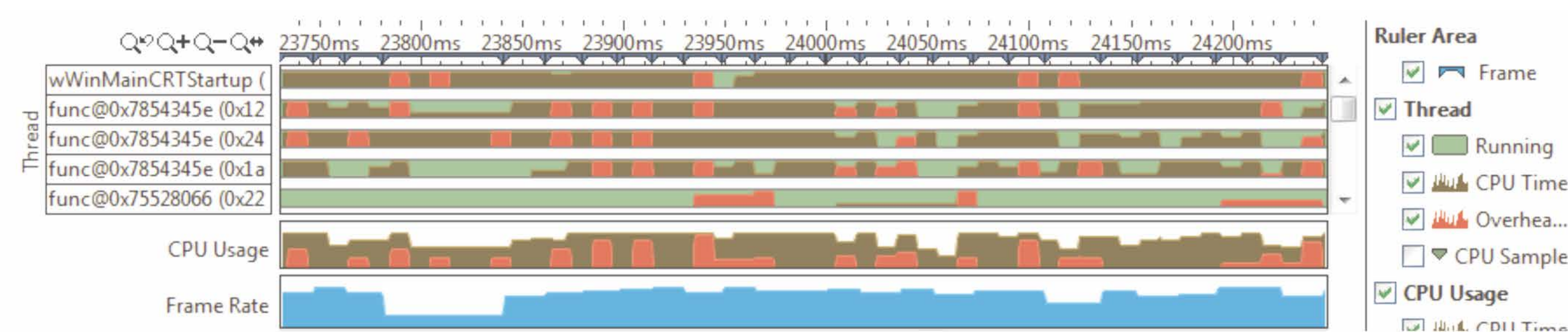
3: Experiments

- » **real people solving real problems** with our tool
- » experiment with end-users, experts and ordinary programmers
- » to be done...

3 Sample visualisation result

Current hardware-centric tools

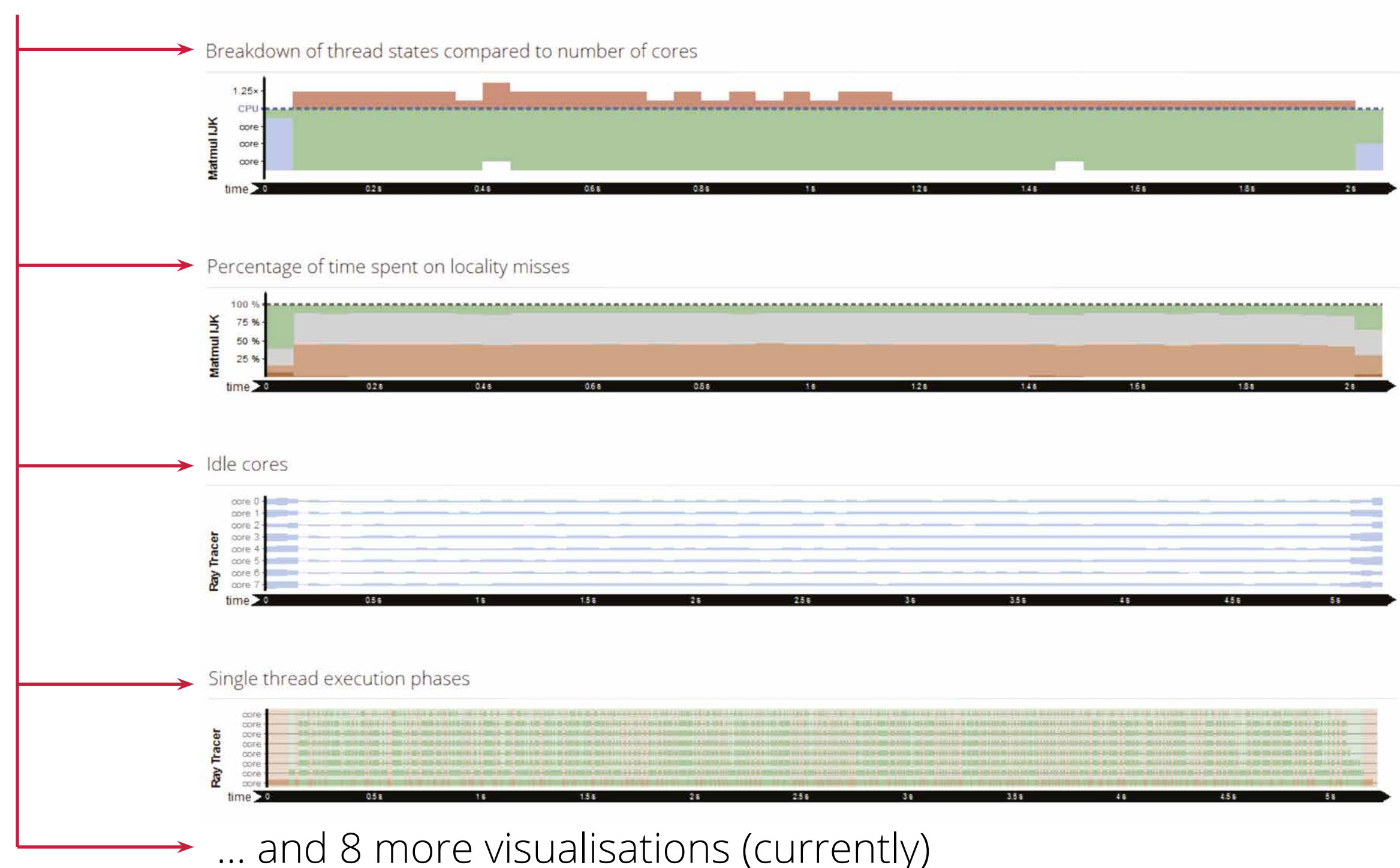
- » showing threads and hardware activities



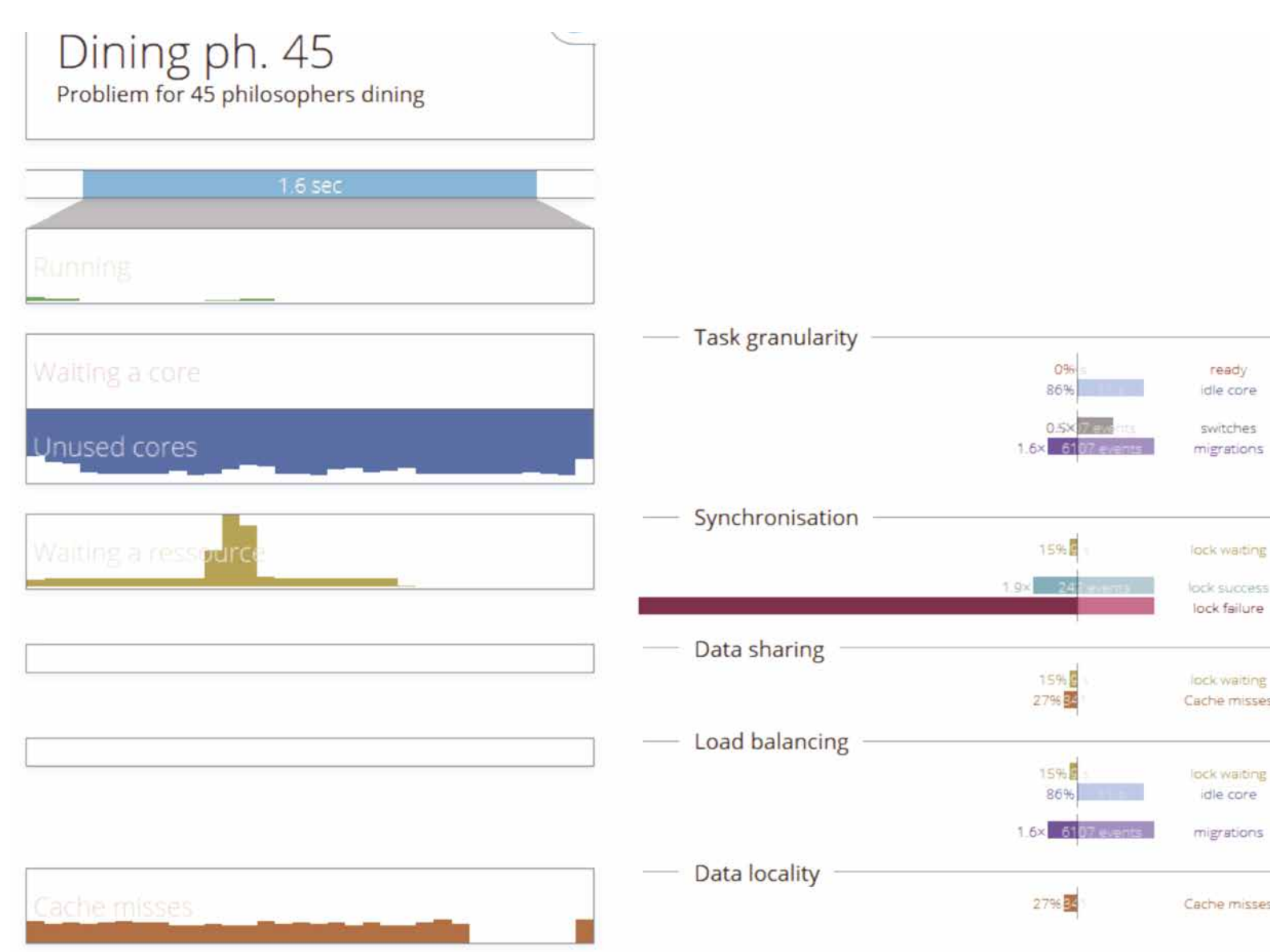
this sample is an extract of a screenshot of Intel VTune Amplifier XE 2015

Our problem-centric Analysis tool

- » Splits concepts around diagnosing taxonomy problems



4 Dining philosopher problem (for 45)



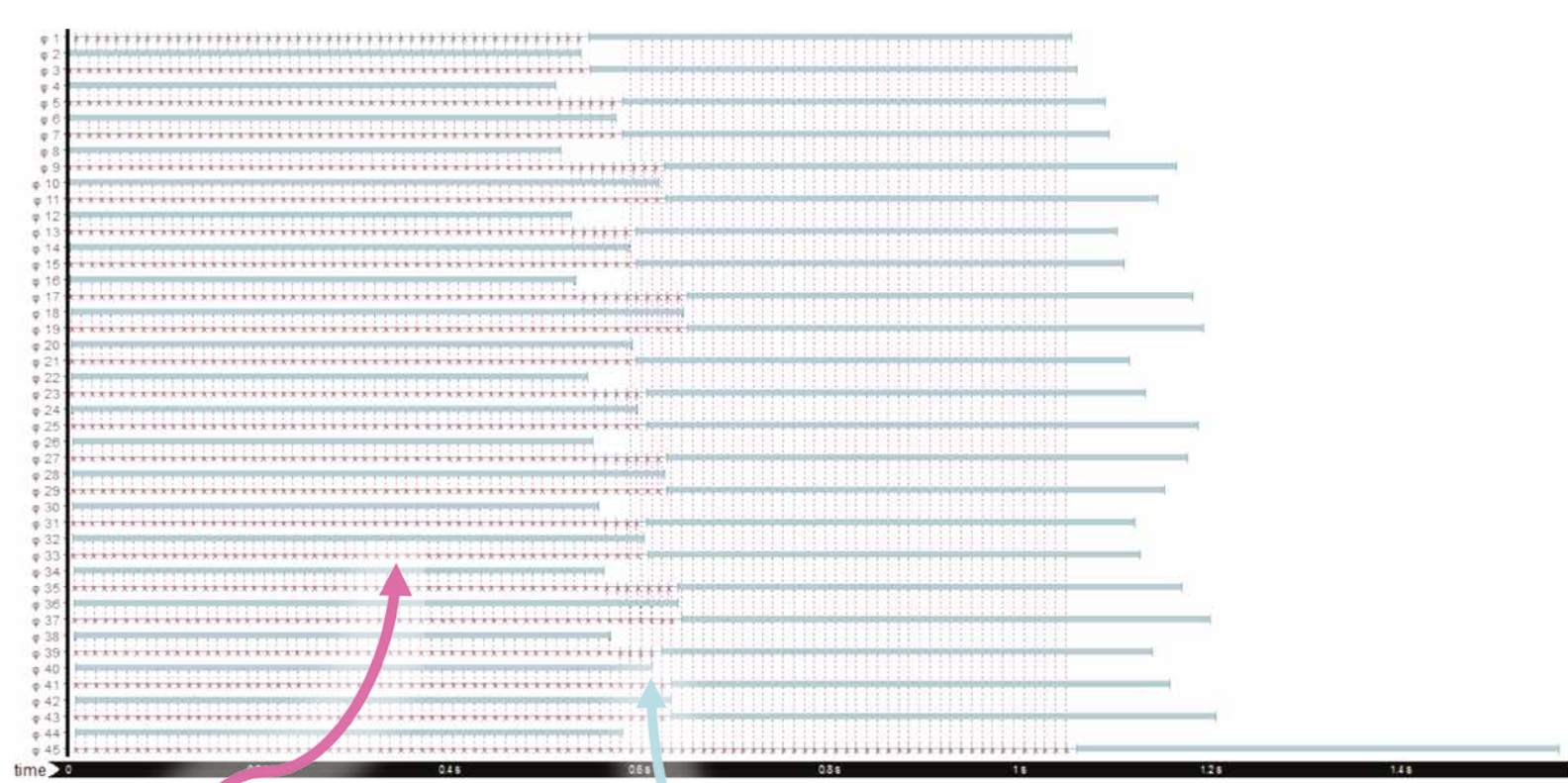
Overview

- » Highlight too many:
 - › unused cores
 - › lock failures

explore

Load balancing view

- › Time waiting for a lock: 14%
- › Rate of thread migrations: under the typical value
- › [...]
- › Chains of dependencies on locks: 85% with contentions



1 too many contentions 2 lock period patterns 3 thread dependencies

5 Future work

- » working on data collection (so far confined in our environment)
- » extract more indicators from cores, memory, network, ...
- » extend our prototype with external data